FAX:

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12/18/2006 BMR

ATTACHMENT 12

RAN: Attorney Review of Fax sent 12/18/2006; 12/16/2006

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To: Rick Markela	From: Julio	C. Pinak
Fax:	Date:	
Pages: (Including cover sheet)	•	
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Re:

· 6. ANTI-NUTRITIONAL FACTORS PRESENT IN PLANT FEEDSTUFFS

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6. ANTI-NUTRITIONAL FACTORS PRESENT IN PLANT FEEDSTUFFS

The presence of endogenous anti-nutritional factors within plant feedstuffs is believed to be the largest single factor limiting their use within compounded animal and fish feeds at high dietary levels. Figure 1 summarizes the major groups of anti-nutritional factors present in plant foodstuffs with more specific examples given in Table 3. Although these factors vary in their individual toxicity to fish, a large proportion of them can be destroyed or inactivated by heat treatment processes (Tacon and Jackson, 1985).

Unfortunately toxicological studies have not been performed on the majority of these anti-nutritional factors; on a general basis however their presence in untreated foodstuffs normally results in anorexia, reduced growth and poor food conversion efficiency when used at high dietary concentrations (for review see NRC, 1983).





7. ADVENTITIOUS TOXIC FACTORS PRESENT IN FOODSTUFFS

Finally, nutritional pathology may arise from the presence of specific adventitious toxic factors or contaminants within certain foodstuffs, including:

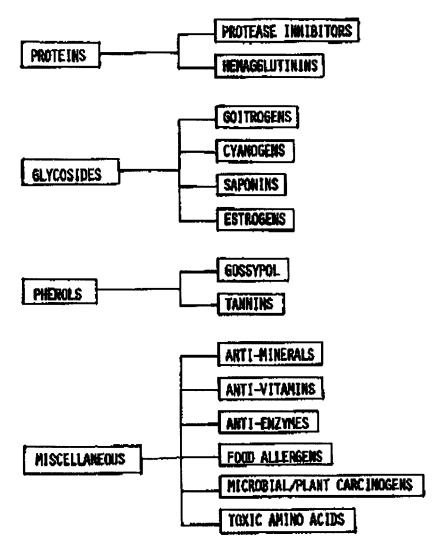
- a) Intentional additives
 - binders and stabilizers (carboxymethyl cellulose, alginates, gums)
 - therapeutic drugs (antibiotics, sulphonamides, nitrofurans, arsenilic acid)
 - growth promotants (as above, plus anabolic steroids, synthetic androgens)
- b) Toxic factors arising from processing
 - solvent residues present in solvent extracted oilseeds (methylene chloride, ethylene dichloride, trichloroethylene, acetone, iso-propyl alcohol)
 - lipids spoiled by oxidation and/or heat (rancidity, oxidation products).
- c) Contaminants of biological origin
 - protozoan toxins from spoiled fish
 - algal toxins from shellfish/fish
 - fungal toxins in stored foods (i.e. aflatoxins)
 - bacterial toxins from contaminated foodstuffs (i.e. botulinum toxin)
 - pathogens (viable bacteria, viruses and fungi)
- d) Synthetic contaminants
 - pesticide residues (chlorinated hydrocarbons)
 - organochlorine compounds (polychlorinated biphenyls)
 - petroleum hydrocarbons
 - heavy metals

As with plant anti-nutritional factors, dietary toxicological studies have not been performed with the majority of the above mentioned contaminants. For review see NRC (1983); Lovell (1984).

Figure 1. Classification of endogenous toxic factors occurring in plant foodstuffs of agricultural importance according to chemical properties (adapted after Liener, 1975)

7. ADVENTITIOUS TOXIC FACTORS PRESENT IN FOODSTUFFS

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<u>Table 3. Endogenous anti-nutritional factors present in plant foodstuffs commonly used for animal feeding</u>



Indian mustard (Brassica juncea)				-	
Rice (Organ satium) Sorghum (Sorghum bicolor) Wheat (Tritioum bidgare) Corn, maize (Lea maye) Root tubers Sweet potato (Ipomoea batata) Casasva, tapiaca (Manihot utilissima) Potato (Solamen tuberosum) Legumes Froad, Eabs besp (Vicia faba) Chick pes, Bengal gram (Cioer arietiman) Cow pes (Vigna unguiculata) Grass pes (Lathyrus sativus) Haricot, navy, kidaey besn (Fassolus vulgaris) Horse gram (Macrotyloma uniflorum) Hyscinth, field besn (Dolichus lablab) Lentil (Lore aultimite) Limin besn (Phasaclus lunatus) Mung besn, graen gram (Phasaclus aureus) Field pes (Pisus sativus) Higeon pes, red gram (Cajanus cajan) Fice besn (Vigna umbellata) Rünner bean (Phasaclus cajan) Rice besn (Stizobolium desringianus) Winged besn (Satomotium desringianus) Winged besn (Satomotium desringianus) Winged besn (Satomotium desringianus) Winged besn (Satomotium tetragonolobus) Guinsa pes (Abrus precatorius) Guar bean (Cancapius tetragonolobus) Guinsa pesn (Arus precatorius) Guar bean (Cancapius tetragonolobus) Guinsa pesn (Arus precatorius) Guinsa pesn (Arus precatorius) Guar bean (Cancapius tetragonolobus) Guinsa pesn (Arus precatorius) Soybean (Glyvins maz) Soybean (Glyvins maz) Soybean (Glyvins maz) Sunflower (Helianthus annus) Cottonseed (Goespptim spp.) Linseed (Limm usitat Letsimam)	Cereals	Anti-nutritional factor -	1	2	3
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Anti-nutritional Factors in Oil Seeds as Aflatoxin in Ground Nut

By Mrs. Farzana Panhwar, February 2005

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ANTI-NUTRITIONAL FACTORS IN OIL SEEDS AS AFLATOXIN IN GROUND NUT.

Abstract.

- Brazil nut:- It contain sufficient amount of barium to cause poisoning. The kernel of brazilian nut on the air-dry basis contains 0.26% barium. Extraction of the nut - meat with water acidified with hydrochloric acid removes all the barium.
- Some times physiological changes also cause the formation of poisonous substances in oil seeds.
- Rhubarb and spinach contain oxalic acid, which bind with calcium so it creates calcium deficiency.
- The oil-seeds contain anti-nutritional and toxic factors that must be inactivated if their full value to be realised.
- Oxalate found in Sesame oil. Oxalic acid forms insoluble salts with calcium, magnesium and iron, and act to prevent these minerals from being absorbed during digestion.
- Phytic acid present in cereals:- It is scientifically is Inositol hexaphosphonic acid. It is a
 phosphoric acid ester of magnesium salt is called phytin. Phytic acid forms insoluble salts
 with calcium, iron and magnesium, it interferes with the intestinal absorption of these
 minerals. Phytic acid is associated with fibre.
- Phytes also results into decrease iron and zinc absorption. Cereals contain Phytin, its bind with calcium so cause calcium deficiency.

Cotton seeds endosperm has pigment glands which contain the toxic pigment gossypol. The gossypol that gets into the oil is removed during oil refining. Gossypol that stay with the meal has problem accepting cotton seed flour and cotton seed protein for human food. It is possible to remove un -ruptured pigment glands by controlled disintegration of the seed in the hexane and centrifugal separation of lighter glands form the rest of endosperm. Glandless varieties of cotton seeds are free of gossypol have been developed by plant breeder.

Some molds produce poisonous called mycotoxin. The mycotoxin aflatoxin found in ground nut. If eaten, it can cause severe and some times deadly liver damage. Aflatoxin-producing molds grow under warm, moist conditions, care is needed to store these food.

Anti-nutritional Factors in Oil Seegs as Aflatoxin in Ground Nut

Introduction.

Anti-nutritional factors are those substances found in most foods, and they are poisonous or in some way limit the nutrients available to the body. Plants have evolved these substances to protect them-selves from being eaten. Since anti-nutrient occur in small quantities that they cause no harm. But if the diet is not varied some of these toxins built up in the body to harmful levels. The same way traditional food processing techniques are used to eliminate any harmful effects of anti-nutrients occurs in the diet.

Some oil seeds and their botanical names are as under:

Oil Seeds	Botanical names
Black mustard.	Brassica nigra Koch.
Brown Sarson.	Brassica campestris var. dichotoma.
• Castor.	Ricinus communis L.
• Coconut.	Cocos nucifera L.
Ground nut.	Arachis hypogaea L.
Rape seed.	Brassica campestris L.
• Linseed.	Linum usitatissimum L.
Niger.	Guizotia abyssinica cass.
• Safflower.	Carthamus tinctorius L.
• Sesamum.	Sesamum indicum L and Sesamum Orientale L.
Soybean.	Glycine max Merr.
 Sunflower. 	Helianthus annuus L.

Anti-nutritional/toxic constituents in oil-seed.

Oil Seed.

Anti-nutritional/Toxic Constituents.

Ground nut,

Aflatoxin, goitrogenic factors (red skin).

Rape seed and Mustard.

Gluosinolates.

Seame.

Oxalates (husk), phytes.

Soybean.

Trypsin inhibitors, haemagy-lutinins, goitrogenic factors.

Safflower.

Bitter and cathartic factors.

• Cotton seeds.

Gossypol.

Anti-nutrients found in ground nuts and other oil seed and their effects.

Anti nutrient

Effect on body

Phytes.

Reduce Ca and Fe absorption.

Oxalates.

Reduce Ca absorption, encourage kidney stone formation.

Oligosaccharides.

Produce intestinal gas, discomfort, loss of appetite.

Hydrogen Cyanid
 (UCN)

(HCN).

Contribute to goiter if it is low in iodine.

Aflatoxin.

it cause liver damage and cancer.

Some vitamins in food may be destroyed by anti-nutritional substances. Ascorbase is an enzyme released by plant cells in response to damage such as harvesting. This enzyme start a reaction changing ascorbic acid to oxalic acid, an oxalate, this reaction increase during storage, especially in warm climate. It is best to harvest close to the time of eaten.

Groundnut or peanut as an example.

- In the year 1994-95 the area under ground nut production in Pakistan was 96,600 hectares while in Sindh was 3,600 hectares. Ground nut production in Pakistan was 105,700 tonnes while in Sindh its production was 6,800 tonnes. For the same year the yield per hectare in Pakistan was 1,094 kgs while in Sindh the yield per hectare in Sindh was 1,888 kgs.
- Groundnut flour show protein efficiency ratio at 10% level is 1.65.
- Total tocopherol 0.93mg/g of oil, in which alpha-tocopherol is 36.4% of the total and gamma tocopherol is 64.1% of the total while delta tocopherol is absent in ground nut.
- Loose shell kemels before storage, using a market standard of 7% moisture content this
 removal of foreign material and loosed-shelled kernel will significantly reduce excess
 moisture and initial fungal growth pockets.
- In peanut oil content, iodine value, tocopherol, total and protein nitrogen and total sugar content are not influenced by storage moisture. Carbonyl compound free fatty acids and peroxide values varied directly with storage moisture.

Aflatoxin.

- Aflatoxin is the term applied to the toxic metabolities produced by some strains of fungus
 Aspergillus flavus a pathogens which may grow on numerous commodities in various
 parts of the world, including peanut. Aflatoxin-contaminated peanut are inedible, their use
 is limited to the production of pea nut oil.
- Aflatoxin a poisonous toxin which is produced by the fungus Aspergillus flavus found in ground nut meal. However fungus is also found on cotton seeds, palm-kernel even in maize. The toxin causes a reduction in milk yield and growth rate in cattle if they consume groundnut meal.
- Although more than dozen aflatoxin have been identified but the important are; Aflatoxin B1, M1, G1, B2 and G2. Aflatoxin B1, G1, B2 and G2 are synthesize in large quantities chemically aflatoxins are substituted coumarins that are small molecules. Aflatoxin are not protein as are many of toxins produced by bacteria. B1 is the most toxic carcinogenic.
- The affatoxin are heat-stable but can be degraded by strong acid or alkaline solution, oxidising agent, bisulfite can degrade affatoxin.
- Aflatoxins also present in wheat, spaghetti, com, rice, sorghum, oat, Rye, barley and other cereals.

Water stress during maturity of groundnut combined with insect damage helps Aspergillus flavus in inciting infection leading to aflatoxin production in the field. This fungus is also present in pulses, groundnut and oilseeds, optimum conditions for aflatoxin production are 25-30°C with 85% relative humidity in the atmosphere. Fungus only grows when the moisture content of seeds exceeds 9%. It mostly happened due to poor storage conditions which allow pods or kernels to became damp and contaminated by fungus.

Some molds produce poisonous called mycotoxin. The mycotoxin aflatoxin found in ground nut. If eaten, it can cause severe and some times deadly liver damage. Aflatoxin-producing molds grow under warm, moist conditions, care is needed to store these food.

Aflatoxin can be controlled by following ways.

- Harvesting the produce at the right maturity when lower leaves die and fall, the shell hardens, the pods begins to darken internally and seed coot (testa) darkens.
- The produce should be lifted from soil with minimum damage.
- Pods should be dried quickly so as to contain less than 8% moisture.
- Produce should be stored in well ventilated store houses in unshelled condition.
- Insecticides should be applied to avoid damage by storage pest.
- Contaminated seeds should be removed.

Conclusion.

- Peanuts, having moisture at the time of harvest, support the growth and development of
 aflatoxins. In order to avoid this situation the peanuts are stored under conditions to
 control molds growth and carefully inspected to minimise this hazard. Aflatoxin can be
 removed from peanut meal by solvent extraction, and inactivated by oxidising agents and
 other treatments.
- Anti-nutritional factors are studied by nutritionists and toxicologists. The new analytical
 tools of gas and liquid chromatography as well as different types of spectroscopy, through
 knowledge of the composition of oil-seeds as well as chemical nature of minor
 constituents are studied.

Anti-nutritional Factors in Oil Seeds as Aflatoxin in Ground Nut

Future strategies in oil seeds development are as under:

- Expansion of area on agro-ecological conditions.
- Conservation of germplasms-plant genetic resources must preserve superior germplams.
- Production of quality seeds-we make available certified seeds of improve varieties.
- Biotechnology-strengthen tissue culture techniques.
- Rhizobial cultures supply rhizobial culture for ground nut.
- Post-harvest technology-improved processing, storage and extraction methods.

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Anti-nutritional Factors in Food and Animal Feeds

Anti-nutritional factors can cause detrimental effects on humans and animal growth and performance by impairing intake, uptake or utilisation of other food and feed components, or by causing discomfort and stress to humans and animals. These anti-nutritional factors mainly occur in pulses and grain legumes and foods and feed material prepared from grain legumes and pulses.

The Food and Agricultural Chemistry Section of the Chemistry Centre can analyse a large range of antinutritional factors in pulses and grain legumes and food and feeds derived from these materials. These analyses complement the extensive range of nutritional analyses (ie. protein, mineral, dietary fibre and amino acid) also carried out by the group.

Analyses:

- Glycoalkaloids
- Phytate (myoinositol or isositol hexaphosphate)
- Tannins (total and condensed)
- Aflatoxins
- Patulin
- Oligosaccharides
- Peanut Allergen
- Trypsin and Chymotrypsin Inhibitor activity
- Vicine/Convicine
- Alkaloids (Lupin)
- Lectins (Hacmaggullutinins)
- Agal Toxins
- Nitrates and Nitrites

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